

Lung Service MDT Referral Proforma

<p>Patient Details</p> <p>Name: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>DOB: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>NHS No: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Hospital No: Click here to enter text.</p>	<p>Referrer Information</p> <p>Referring Team: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Responsible Clinician: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Contact details: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Key Worker: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Contact details: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Date of referral: Click here to enter text.</p>
<p>Date of previous MDT (if applicable): Click here to enter text.</p>	<p>WHO Performance Status*: Click here to enter text.</p>
<p>Diagnosis: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Standards of Care Group (1-5) or N/A *Hyperlink* Click here to enter text.</p>	<p>Clinical frailty score (≥65yrs): Click here to enter text. (1-9)</p>
<p>Staging: T N M</p>	<p>Smoking status:</p> <p>Never smoked <input type="checkbox"/> Light ex-smoker <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Current/ ex-smoker <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Smoking referral offered? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p>Investigations to be discussed:</p> <p>DLCO: <input type="checkbox"/> Post-operative predicted DLCO: <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>FEV₁: <input type="checkbox"/> Post-operative predicted FEV₁ <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Echocardiogram: <input type="checkbox"/> EBUS <input type="checkbox"/> Renal function <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>ISWT <input type="checkbox"/> 6MWT <input type="checkbox"/> Click here to enter text.</p>	<p>Is patient RIP: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Additional notes: Click here to enter text.</p>
<p>Radiology: PET-CT scan <input type="checkbox"/> CT-brain <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Other Imaging <input type="checkbox"/> Click here to enter text.</p>	<p>Blood Results: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Please advise of any specific co-morbidities:</p>
<p>Histology: Biopsy <input type="checkbox"/> Other Histology <input type="checkbox"/> Click here</p>	<p>Does the patient have any psycho-social needs that require consideration?</p> <p>Does the patient have wishes that need to be taken into consideration? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Additional Information: Click here to enter text.</p>
<p>Cytology: EBUS <input type="checkbox"/> Pleural fluid <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Mandatory data set completed?: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>If being discussed without minimum dataset- reason for discussion/question for MDT Click here to enter text.</p>	<p>Additional information:</p> <p>MDT Outcome:</p>
<p>Has the patient completed an impact statement? (Document any which may affect treatment decisions)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Additional Information: Click here to enter text.</p> <p>Has the patient completed a Holistic Needs Assessment</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Additional Information: Click here to enter text.</p>	



Standards of Care- Lung Pathway

Initial assessments to be considered:

Prehabilitation Assessment: (Three pillars of prehabilitation)	Treat tobacco addiction
	Physical activity
	Prevention and management of malnutrition
Consider prehab4cancer: any patient $PS \leq 2$ $CF \leq 5$ and being referred for curative treatment should be referred	

Physiology tests (to be completed simultaneously with other assessments)				
	Spirometry and transfer factor	Shuttle walk or stair climbing test	ECG	Creatinine clearance/ eGFR
Group 1	✓	✓	✓	
Group 2	✓	✓	✓	
Group 3	✓	✓	✓	✓
Group 4	✓			✓
Group 5				✓

Notes and guidance for staging EBUS

A systematic examination of the mediastinal and hilar lymph nodes beginning with N3 stations, followed by N2 stations and finally N1 (a suggested systematic approach is outlined in the table below). Any lymph node measuring >5mm in short axis based on sonographic measurement, is sampled.

N3	N2	N1
Contralateral station 11	Station 7	Ipsilateral station 19
Contralateral station 10	Ipsilateral station 2	Ipsilateral station 11
Contralateral station 4	Ipsilateral station 4	
Contralateral station 2		

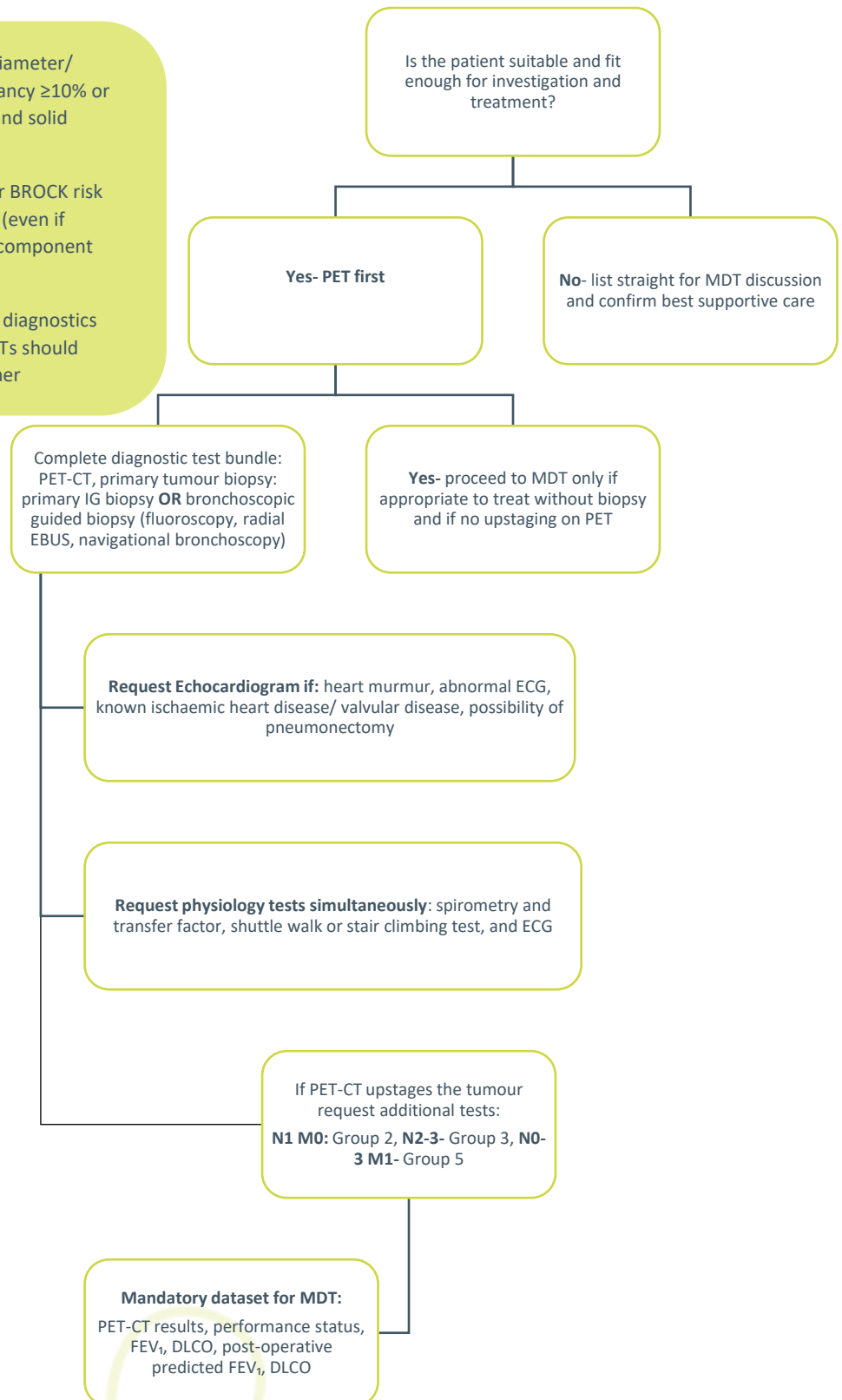


Group 1- Peripheral tumour with normal hilar and mediastinum on staging CT with no distant metastases

Including: Solid pulmonary nodules $\geq 8\text{mm}$ diameter/ $\geq 300\text{mm}^3$ volume and BROCK risk of malignancy $\geq 10\%$ or persistent sub-solid nodules for ≥ 3 months and solid component $\geq 5\text{mm}$.

Excluding: solid nodules $< 8\text{mm}$ / $< 300\text{mm}^3$ or BROCK risk $< 10\%$, pure ground glass nodules of any size (even if enlarging), and sub-solid nodules with solid component $< 5\text{mm}$.

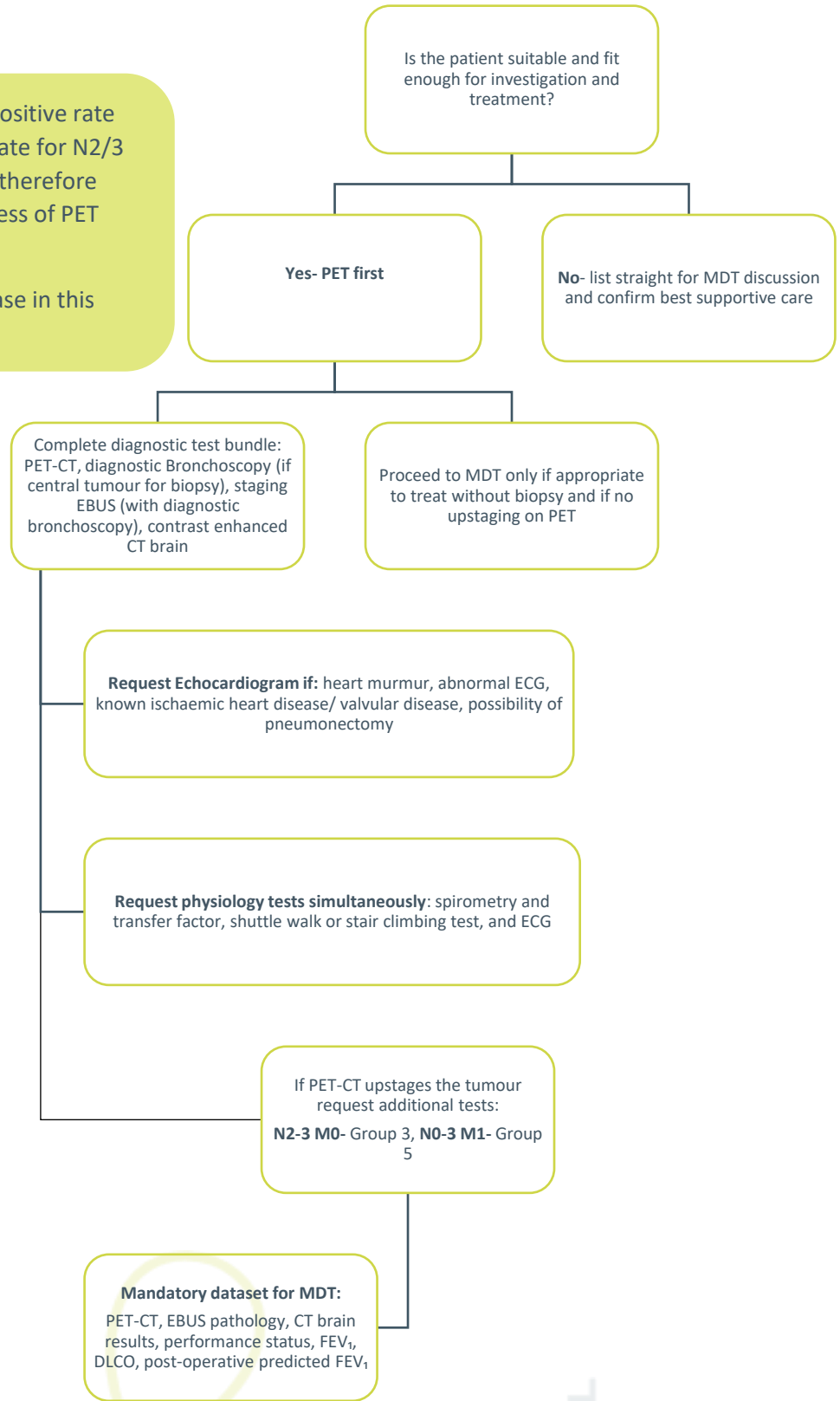
Ground glass nodules do not require further diagnostics and should continue under surveillance. MDTs should exercise extreme caution if considering further



Group 2: Central tumour on N1 lymphadenopathy with normal mediastinum on staging CT with no distant metastases

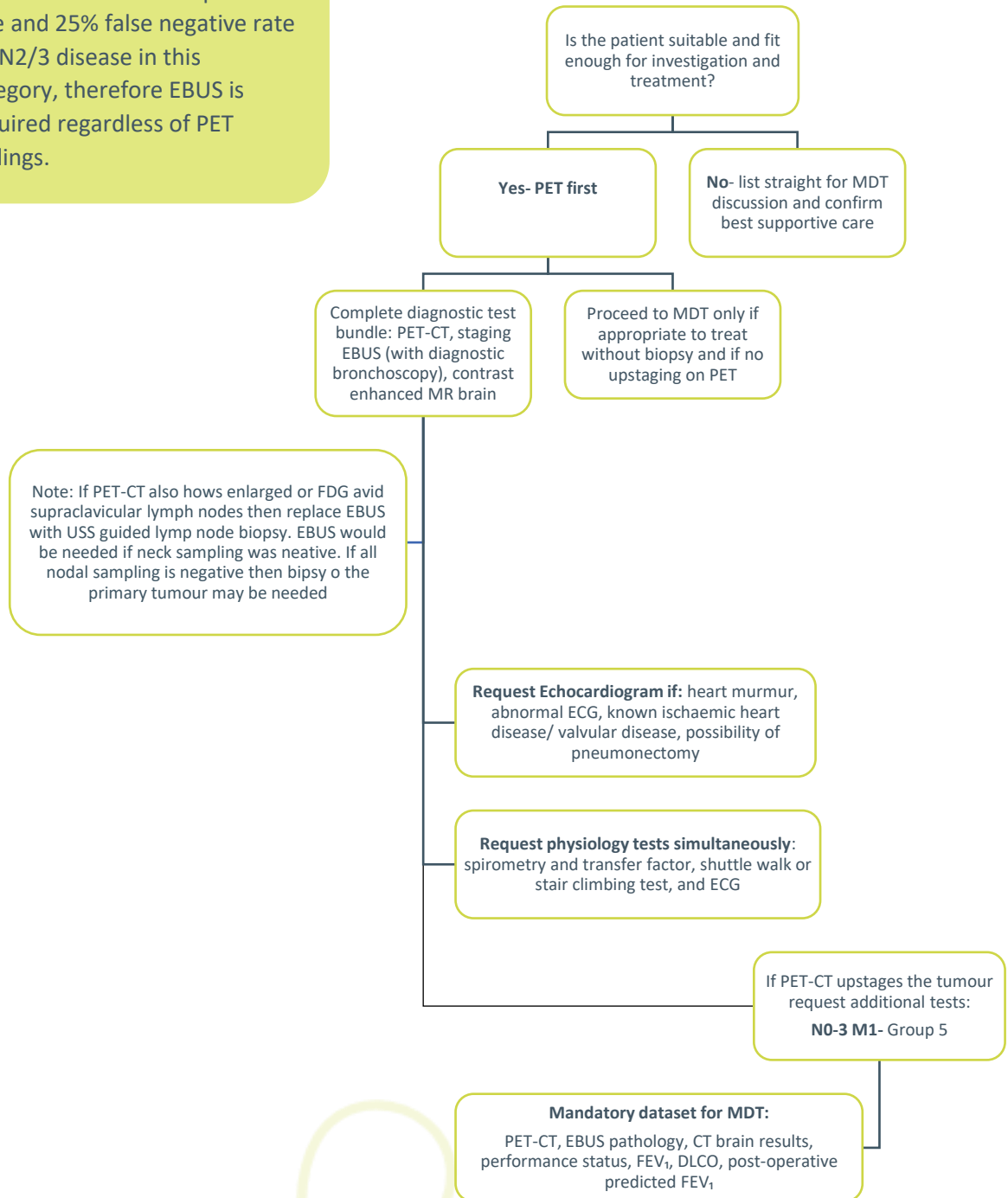
PET-CT has a 15% false positive rate and 25% false negative rate for N2/3 disease in this category, therefore EBUS is required regardless of PET findings.

Prevalence of N2/3 disease in this category is 20-25%.



Group 3: Primary tumour and discrete mediastinal lymphadenopathy on staging CT with no distant metastases

PET-CT has a 15% false positive rate and 25% false negative rate for N2/3 disease in this category, therefore EBUS is required regardless of PET findings.



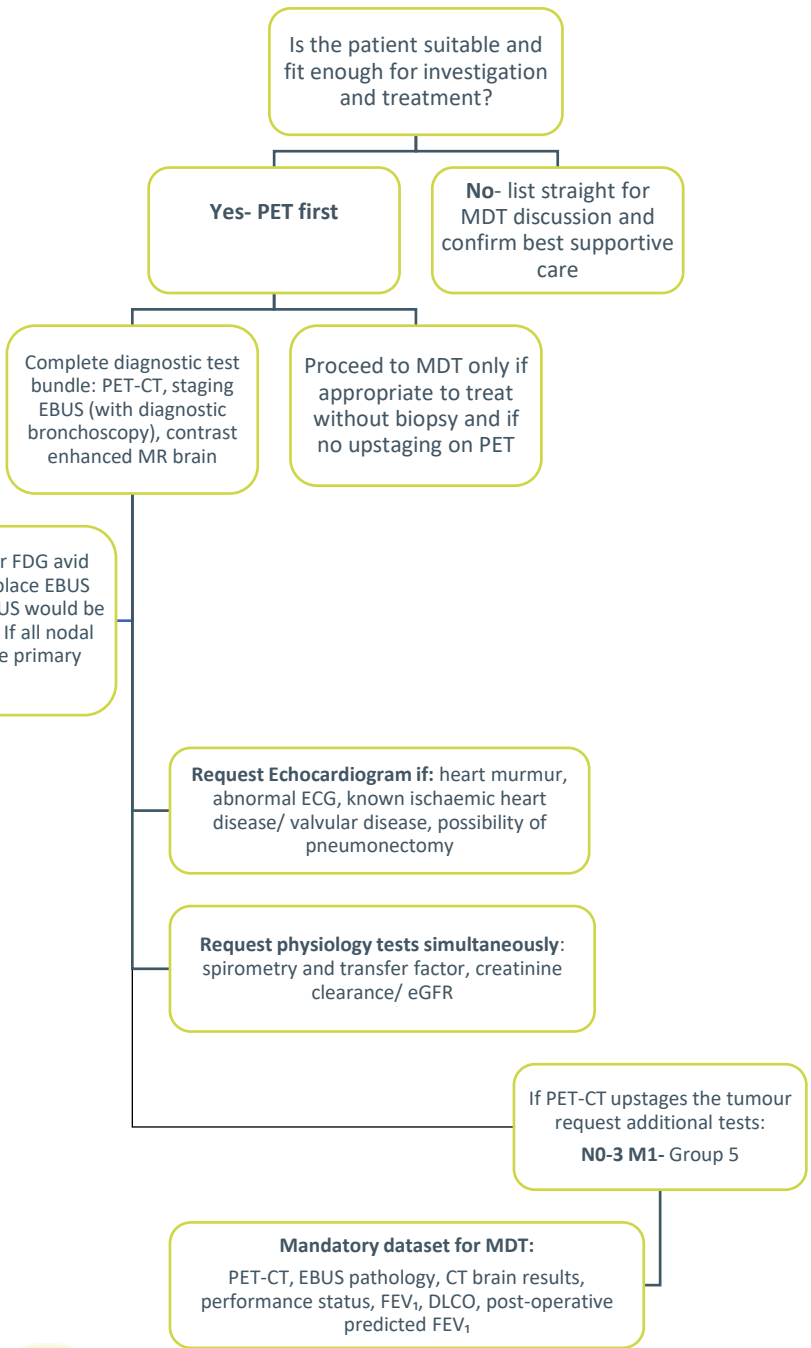
Group 4: Conglomerate and invasive nodal malignancy on staging CT with no distant metastases

Radiology is considered diagnostic for malignancy and pathological confirmation only required.

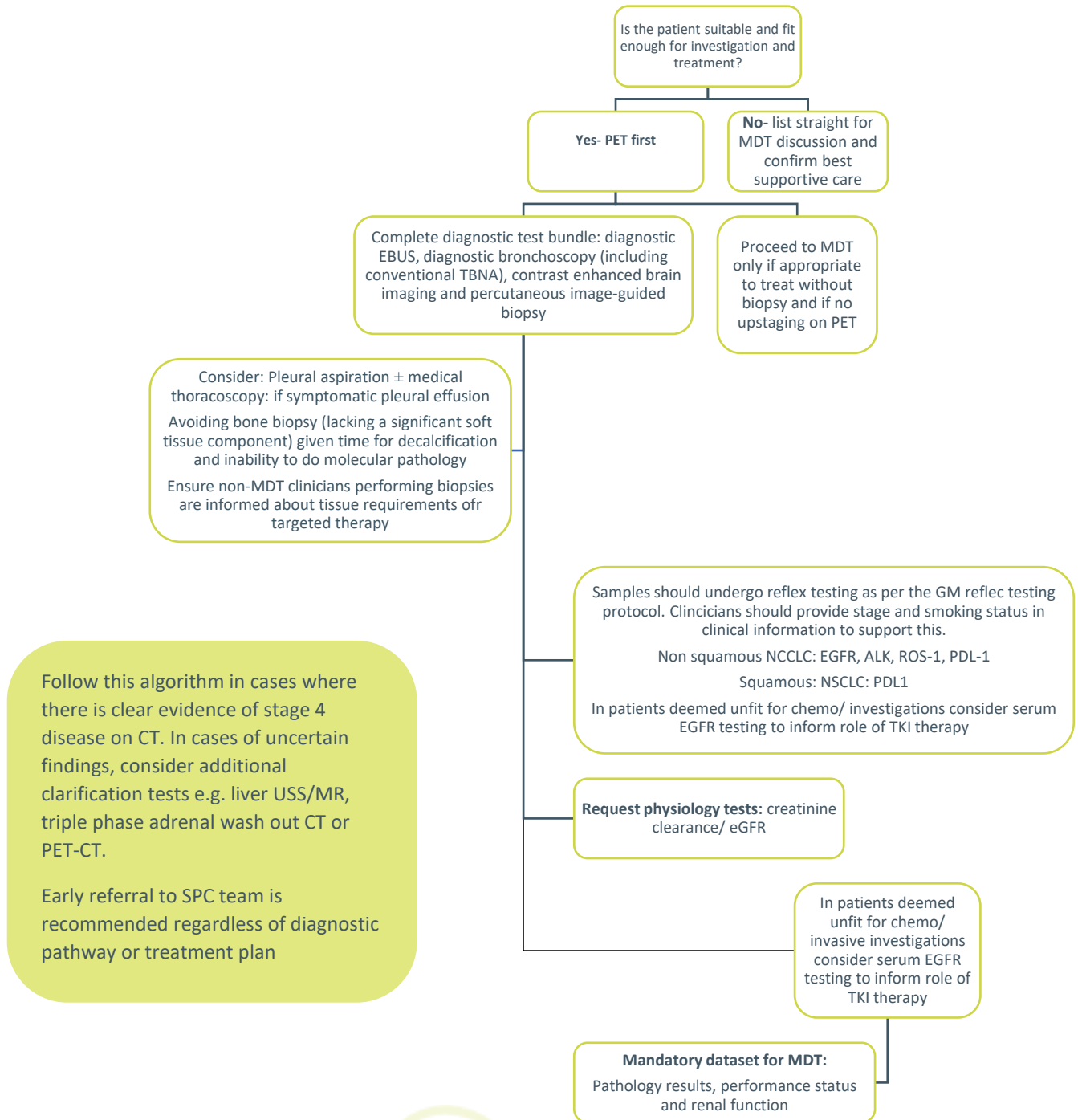
Prevalence of N2/3 disease in this category is 100%

Invasive mediastinal lymphadenopathy has poorly defined borders and cannot be easily measured. It forms conglomerate disease with other nodal stations

Note: If PET-CT also shows enlarged or FDG avid supraclavicular lymph nodes then replace EBUS with USS guided lymph node biopsy. EBUS would be needed if neck sampling was negative. If all nodal sampling is negative then biopsy of the primary tumour may be needed



Group 5: Distant metastases on staging CT



Follow this algorithm in cases where there is clear evidence of stage 4 disease on CT. In cases of uncertain findings, consider additional clarification tests e.g. liver USS/MR, triple phase adrenal wash out CT or PET-CT.

Early referral to SPC team is recommended regardless of diagnostic pathway or treatment plan